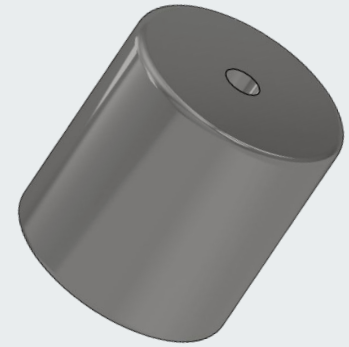


A LEGENDary PhD Journey... Following Germanium detectors in LEGEND-200

LEGEND UK Workshop
31-03-2022

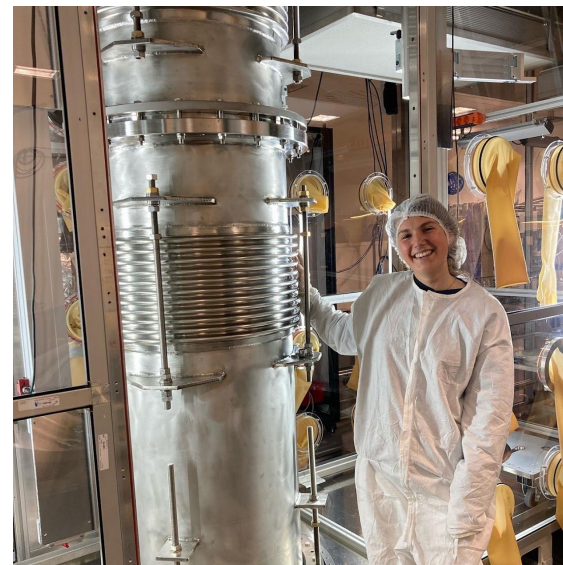
Abigail Alexander*, Matteo Agostini*, Valentina Biancacci, George Marshall*,
David Waters*, Ruben Saakyan*

*University College London



Introduction

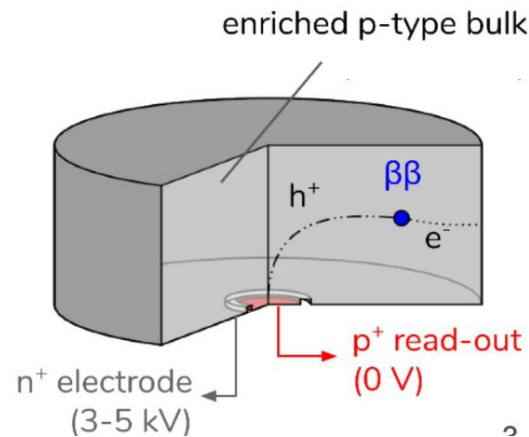
- 3rd year HEP PhD student at UCL
- Research focus (so far):
 - Characterisation of Germanium detectors for LEGEND-200
 - Germanium detector R&D
- Currently on “Long Term Attachment” at LNGS, Gran Sasso, in Italy
 - -> assisting with the installation and commissioning of LEGEND-200



Germanium Detectors

High Purity Germanium (HPGe) Detectors:

- Semiconductor detectors
- Enriched detectors: 92% of detector material is ^{76}Ge
- High spatial and superior energy resolution
- ~100 individual detectors for L-200 of 3 key geometries: PPCs, BEGe, ICPCs



String of HPGe detectors

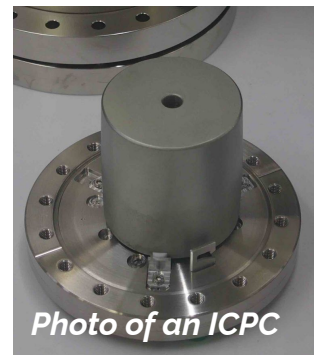
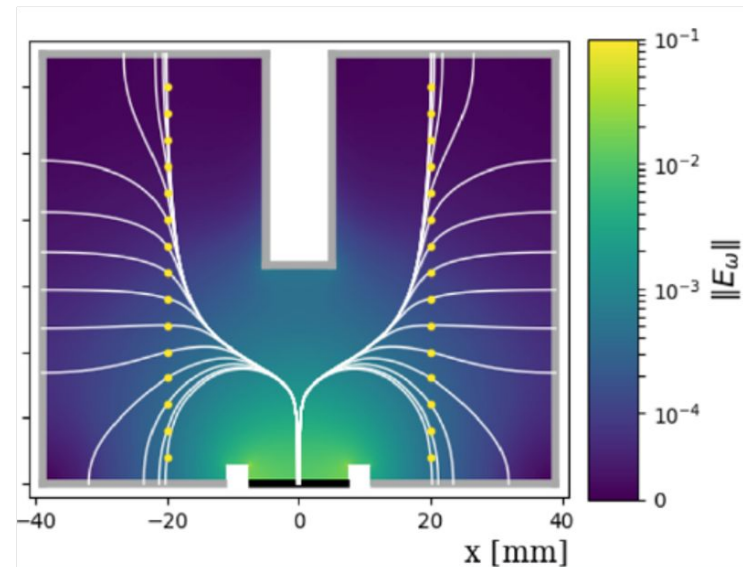


Germanium Detectors

Inverted Coaxial Point Contact (ICPC) Detectors:

- New design with unique geometry
- Large detector mass (up to 4 kg)
- Strong Pulse Shape Discrimination (PSD) power

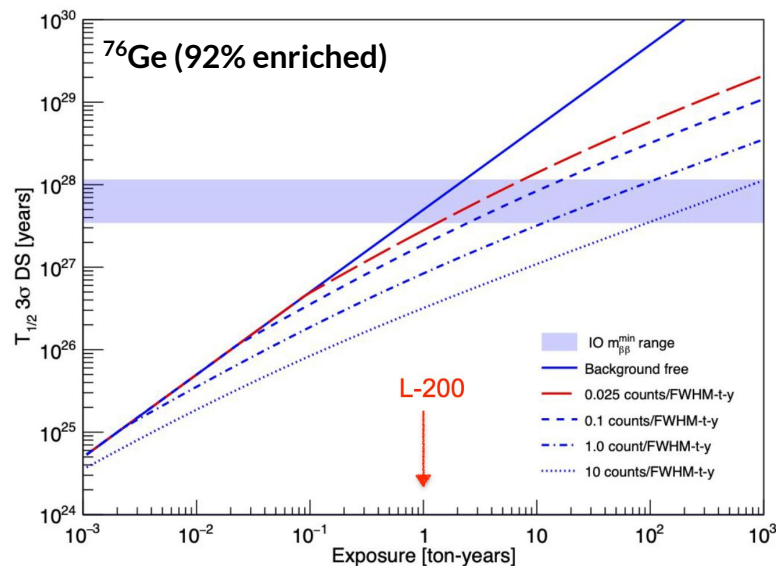
All detectors must be thoroughly characterised before deployment at LNGS!



Detector Characterisation

- **Characterisation Tasks:**
 - Operational voltage
 - Pulse Shape Discrimination (PSD) performance
 - Energy resolution
 - Active volume determination

- **Why:**
 - Low background requires good energy resolution and background rejection from PSD
 - The $0\nu\beta\beta$ signal strength/half life sensitivity - proportional to total active detector mass

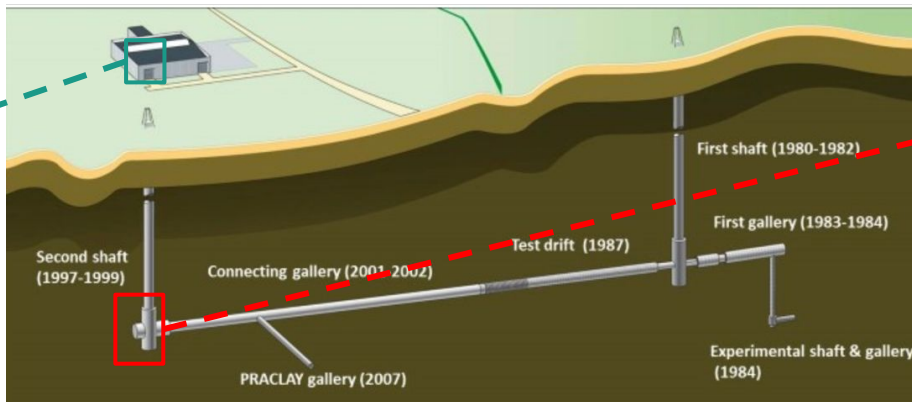


$$T_{1/2}^{0\nu} \propto \sqrt{\frac{M \cdot t}{b \cdot \Delta E}}$$

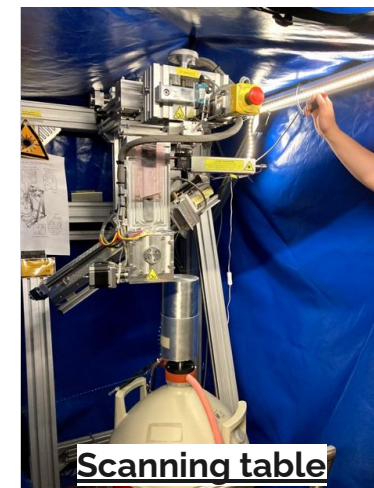
Half life sensitivity

M = active mass, t = time, b = background index, ΔE = energy resolution

Detector Characterisation at HADES

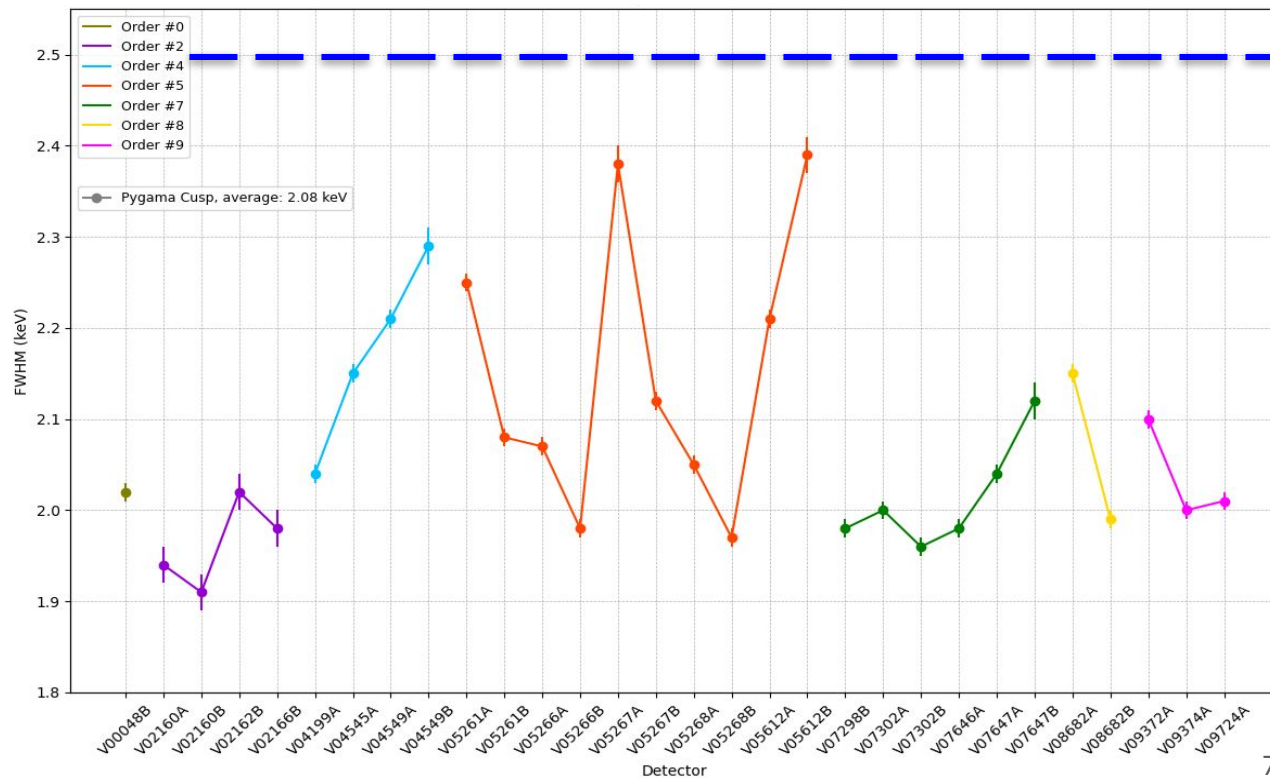
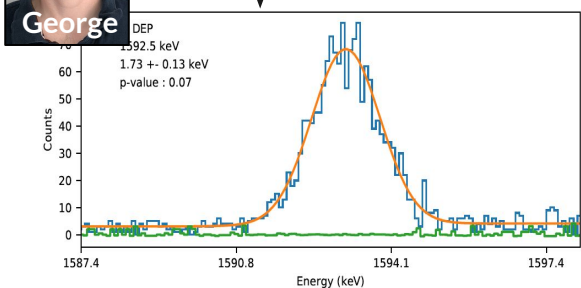
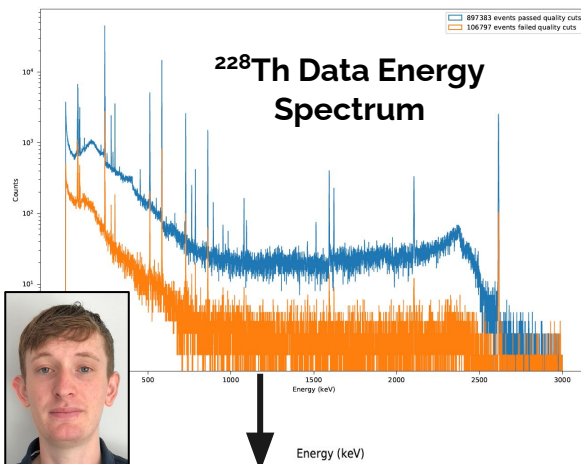


- Detectors are exposed to different radioactive sources and data is taken. E.g.:
 - ^{228}Th -> Energy resolution
 - ^{133}Ba , ^{241}Am -> Active volume
- Ongoing work



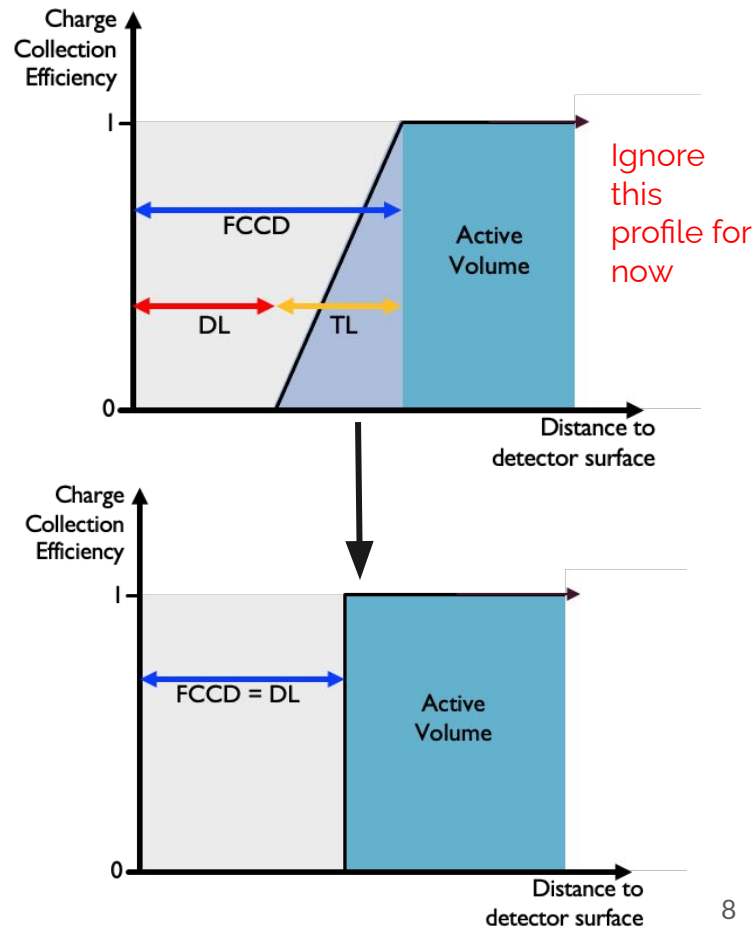
Energy Resolution

Current average energy resolution exceeds 2.5 keV target!



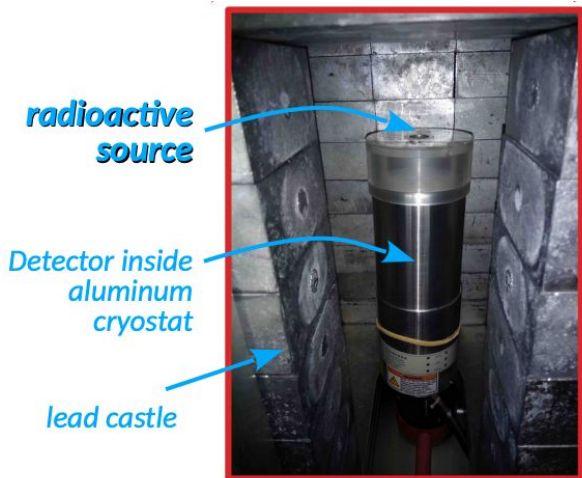
Active Volume

- **Dead Layer** = region of no charge collection on surface of semiconductor detectors. A conductive layer, created by Lithium diffusion.
- **Transition Layer** = partial charge collection
- **Full Charge Collection Depth (FCCD)** = Transition Layer + Dead Layer
 - NB: the TL is ignored currently at first order such that FCCD=Dead Layer
- **Determination of detector active volume is important for LEGEND because:**
 - The $0\nu\beta\beta$ half-life is a function of active mass
 - Degraded events could mimic $0\nu\beta\beta$ signature

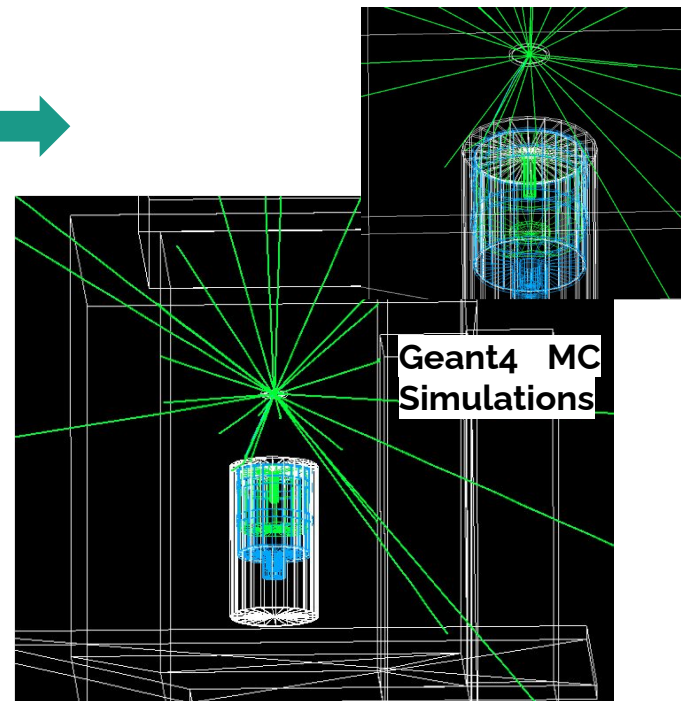
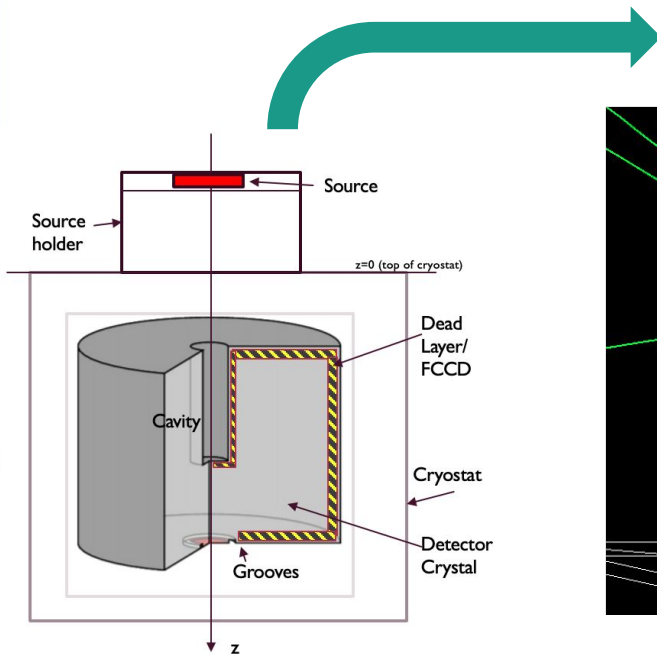


Active Volume: from Data to Simulations

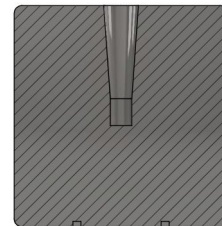
- To determine the FCCD of each detector, we compare the **data** to **simulations** processed with different FCCDs.



Experimental set up with a flood ^{133}Ba source, in top position

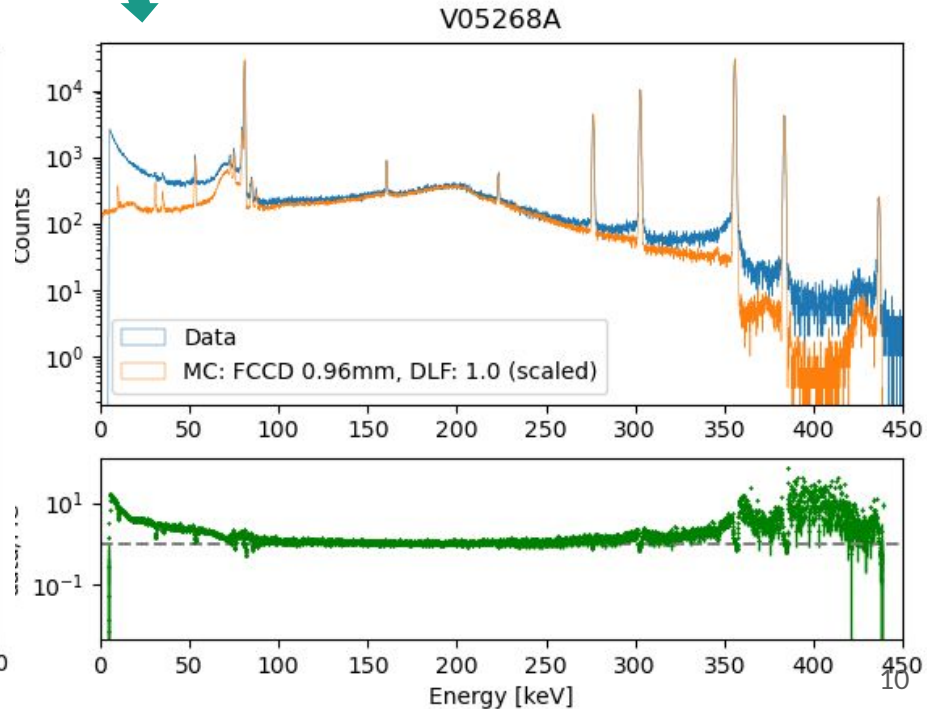
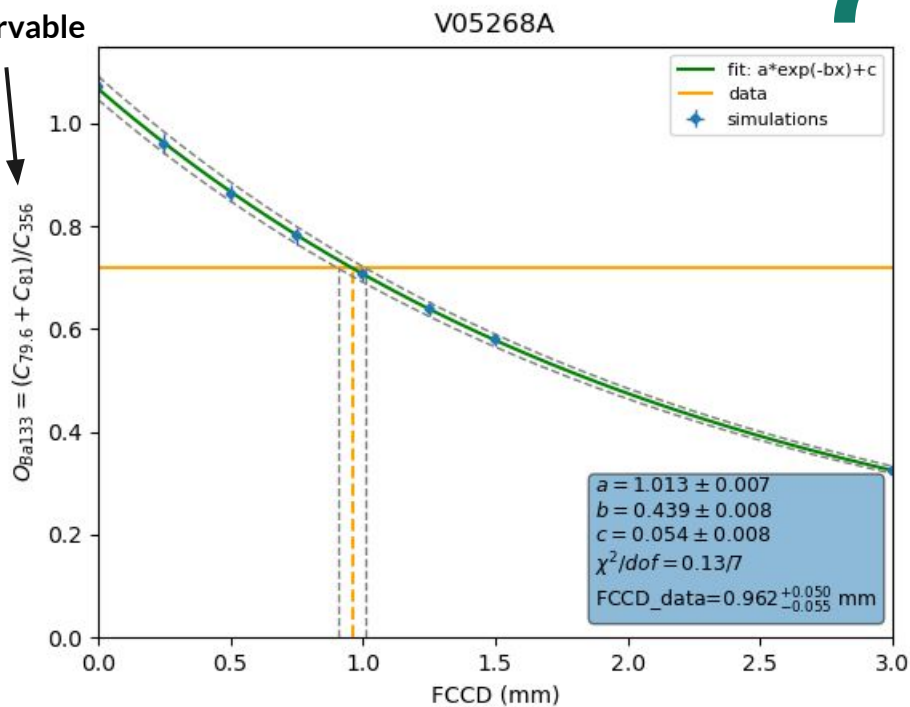


Active Volume: FCCD Determination



- Example analysis using ^{133}Ba

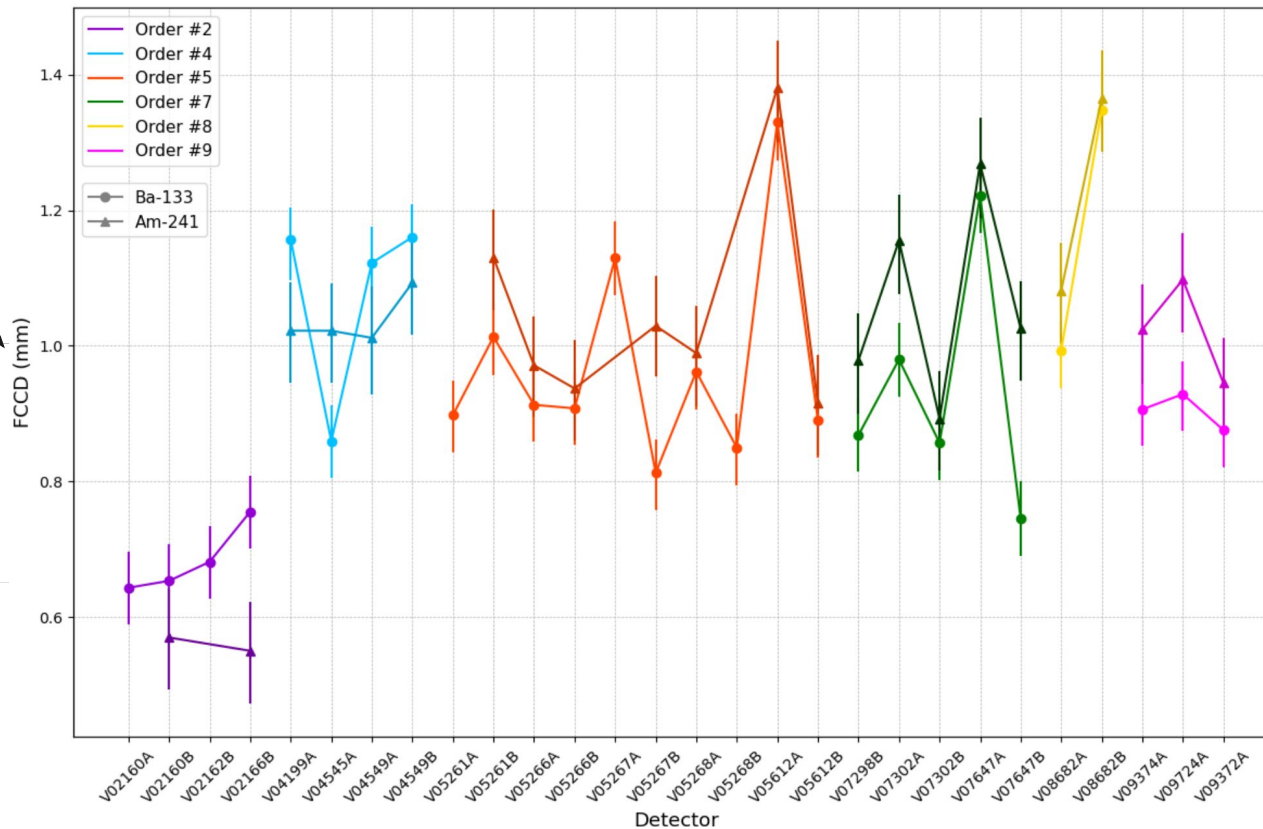
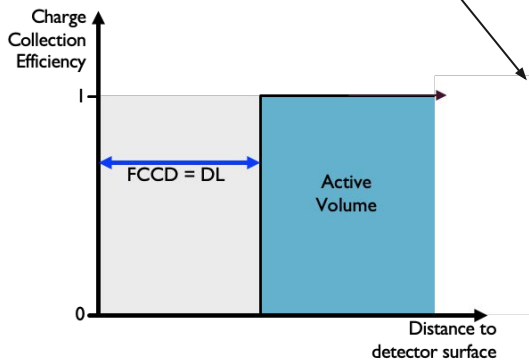
FCCD sensitive observable



Active Volume: FCCD Determination

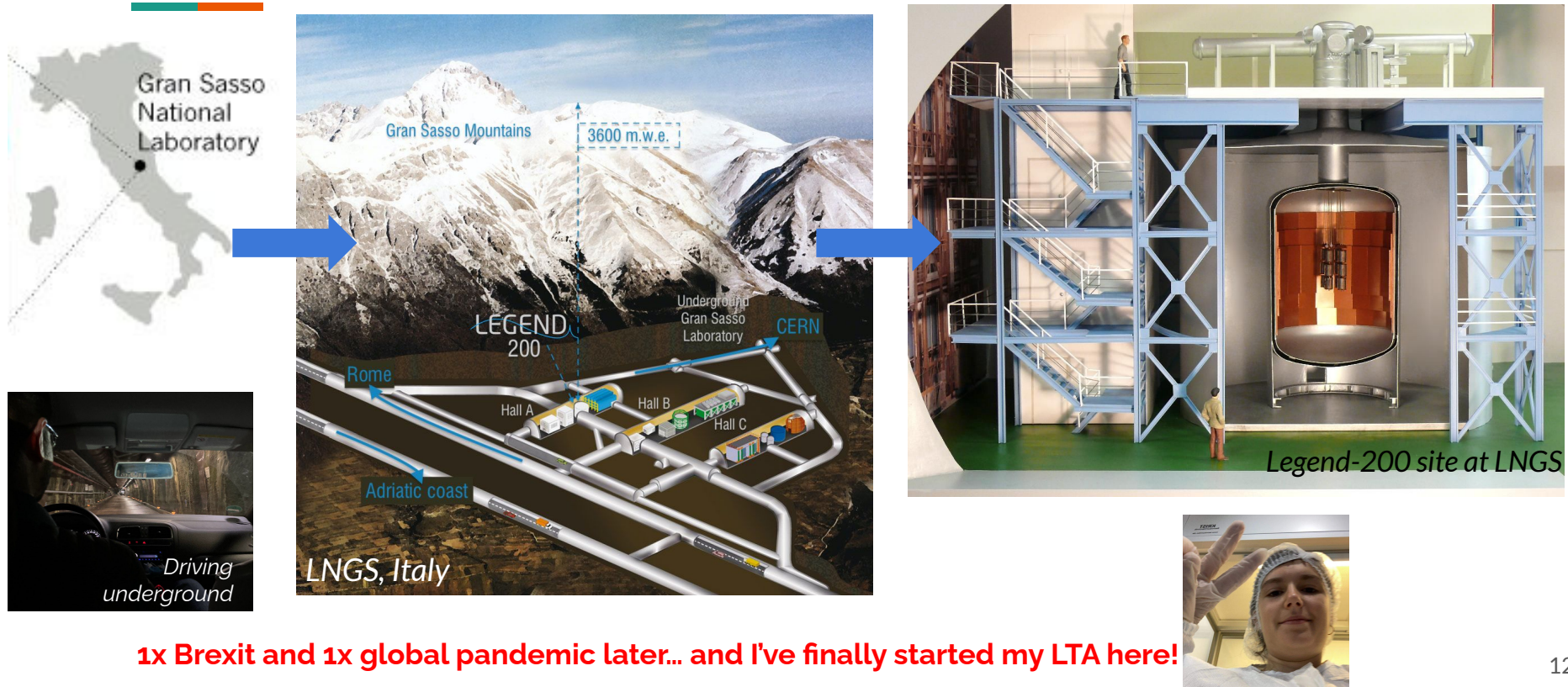


**Full Charge Collection
 Depth = Dead Layer, to
 first order**



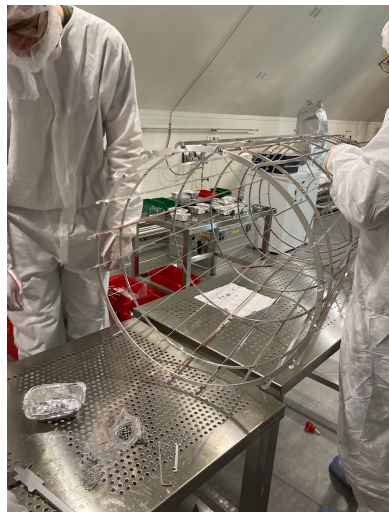
**Next step: Model the
 Transition Layer!**

LEGEND-200 Commissioning

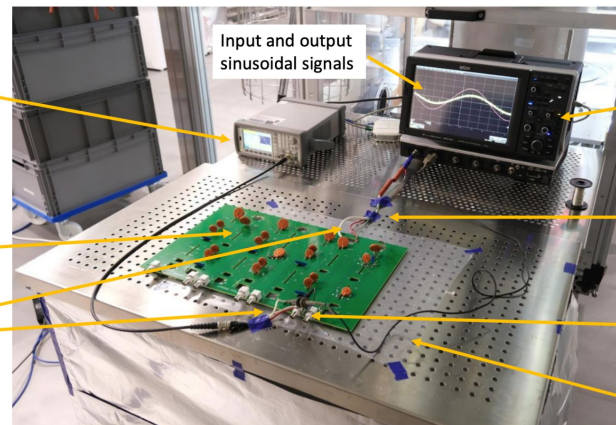


1x Brexit and 1x global pandemic later... and I've finally started my LTA here!

LEGEND-200 Commissioning



Liquid Argon instrumentation commissioning

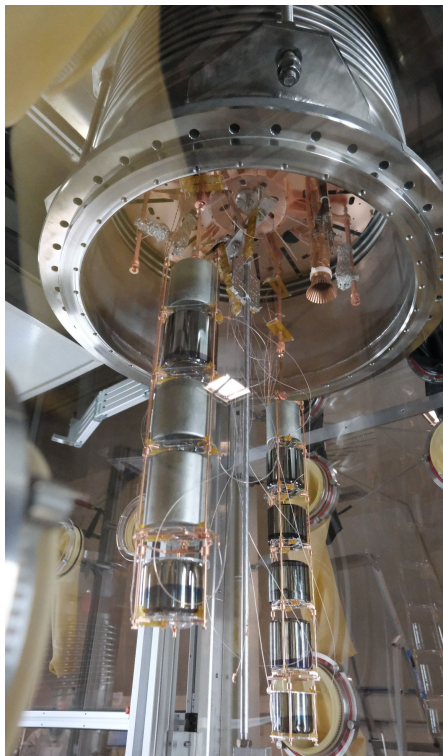


- PC-controlled pulser
- F.U.T.
- GND plane connections
- Input and output sinusoidal signals
- PC-controlled 12-bit oscilloscope
- Output cables laid flat
- Oscilloscope probe at the F.U.T. input
- Plastic sheet

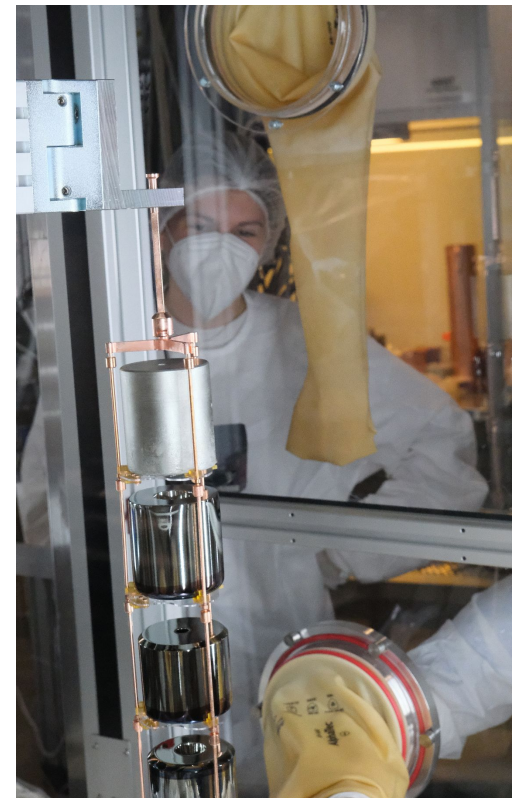


Characterising the High Voltage filter

LEGEND-200 Commissioning: “2 String” Tests



Strings of ICPC detectors
in the glove box



Summary

- I'm a 3rd year PhD student at UCL, primarily working on detector characterisation for LEGEND-200
- Ahead of physics data taking, HPGe detectors must be characterised - this is ongoing work in underground laboratories such as HADES
- Two important characterisation tasks are the energy resolution and active volume determinations.
 - The energy resolution has been determined and currently exceeds target
 - The FCCDs have been estimated -> next step is to model the transition layer
- LEGEND-200 is now commissioning and we are currently testing detector strings
- Would definitely recommend living in Italy (and a PhD with LEGEND)

